


OWNERS MANUAL



Bearcat ALERT™ WARNING RADIO

National Weather Service switches radio on automatically to signal severe weather or disaster alerts. Receives weather reports at a touch.


Electra COMPANY

**DIVISION OF MASCO CORPORATION OF INDIANA
CUMBERLAND, INDIANA 46229**

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LIMITED WARRANTY

This receiver is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship. We agree to remedy such defect or to furnish a new part in exchange for any part which, under normal installation, use and service, discloses such defect, provided the receiver is delivered to us, intact, for our examination, with all transportation charges prepaid to our factory, within one year from the date of sale to the original purchaser, and provided such examination discloses, in our judgement, that it is thus defective.

This warranty does not apply if the receiver has been subject to misuse, neglect, accidents, incorrect wiring not our own; improper installation, destruction of serial number, or to use in violation of instructions furnished by us, nor to receivers that have been repaired or altered outside our factory.

This warranty excludes all oral or other implied warranties, and the manufacturer shall in no event be liable for damages for a breach of warranty in any amount exceeding the purchase price of the alleged defective equipment.

TO PLACE WARRANTY IN FORCE FILL OUT AND RETURN WARRANTY CARD WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF PURCHASE.

ELECTRA COMPANY

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Cumberland, Indiana 46229

INDEX

Safety Caution	2
General Information	3
Map	4, 5
General Description	6
Specifications	6
Operating Controls	7
Operating Instructions	7, 10
Schematic	8, 9
Alert Mode	10
For Battery Operation	11
Channel Programming	11
Figure 2	12
User Hints	13
Service	13
Parts Placement	14
Parts List	15
Warranty	16

GENERAL INFORMATION

NOAA VHF RADIO WEATHER

NOAA VHF Radio Weather is a new and expanding service from the National Weather Service of NOAA, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration of the U.S. Department of Commerce. Part of the Nationwide Natural Disaster Warning (NADWARN) system, these VHF-FM continuous weather transmissions are designed to speed warnings of environmental hazards to people in threatened areas.

NOAA VHF Radio Weather transmissions are broadcast at frequencies of 162.55 MHz, 162.475 MHz, and 162.40 MHz from National Weather Service offices across the Nation, 24 hours a day. The taped messages are repeated every four to six minutes, and routinely revised every two to three hours, and amended as needed to match the changing weather.

Special information is provided for the general public, motorists, campers, sportsmen, boaters, and others who need a detailed weather picture. But the emphasis is on public safety. When dangerous weather threatens, routine transmissions are interrupted and an emergency warning is broadcast.

As an added refinement, National Weather Service forecasters can turn on specially designed radio receivers by means of a tone signal. This signal is transmitted at 1050Hz for three to five seconds before announcements of hazardous weather conditions. The tone signal alerts schools, hospitals, churches, and other places of assembly, public utilities units, emergency forces, and news media to be ready for critically important weather messages.

For listeners in a tornado belt, a hurricane-prone costal area, river flood plain, a city in the path of continental winter storms, this continuous weather information is making life-and-death differences.

(Reprint from Department of Commerce Publication)



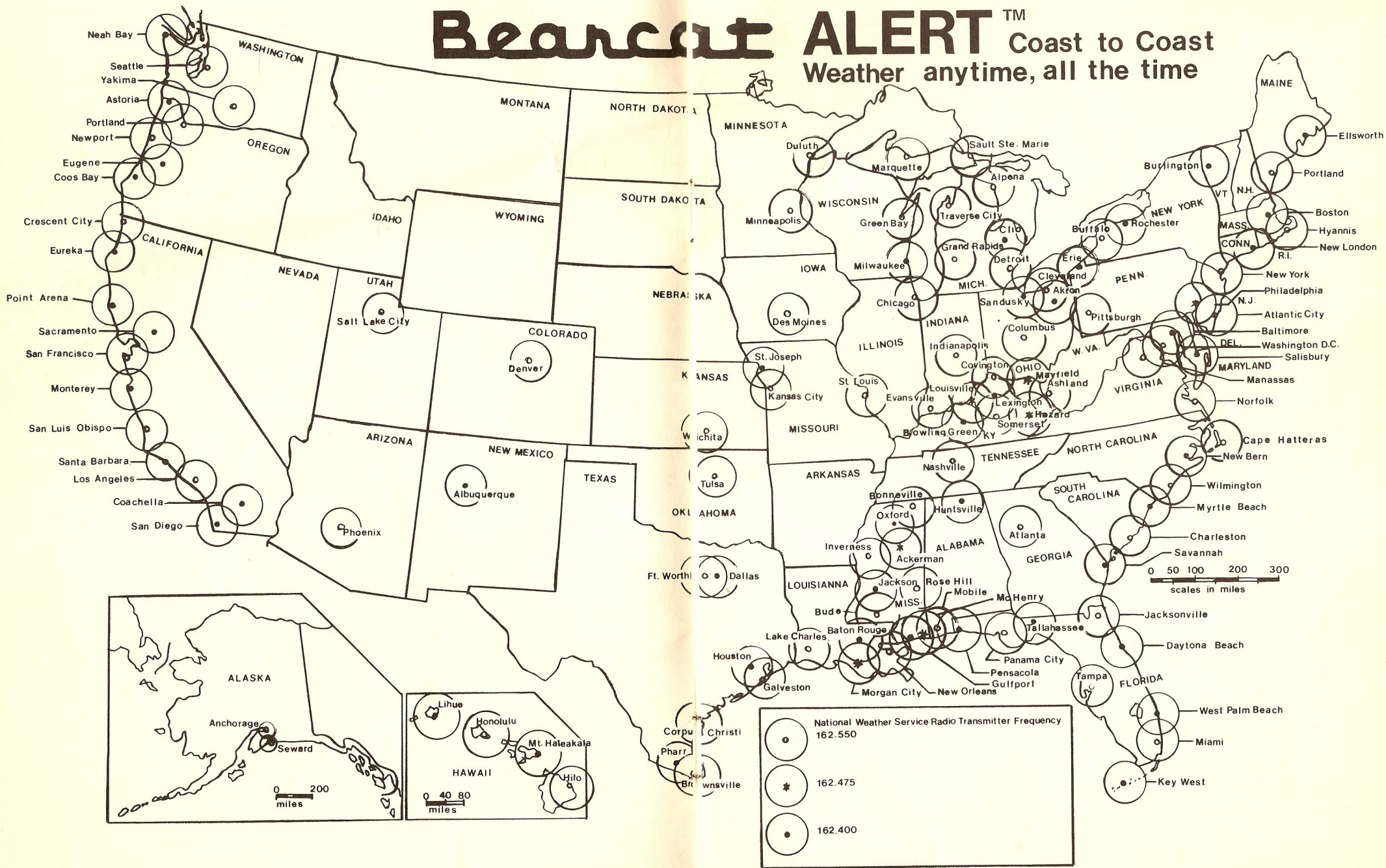
UNDERWRITERS
LABORATORIES
LISTED

Certified in accordance with FCC
Rules and Regulations Part 15.63
as of date of manufacture.

CAUTION
TO PREVENT FIRE OR SHOCK
HAZARD, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS
APPLIANCE TO RAIN
OR MOISTURE.

Bearcat ALERTTM Coast to Coast

Weather anytime, all the time



Symbol	National Weather Service Radio Transmitter Frequency
○	162.550
★	162.475
●	162.400

KEY

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Bearcat Alert receiver is a three channel, single crystal controlled monitor capable of receiving the three weather frequencies (162.55, 162.475, and 162.40MHz) offered by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). Its features include: 1050 Hertz bandpass filter, flashing Alert lights, light emitting diode (L.E.D.) Alert indicator, A.C. or D.C. operation, 3 position — Test/Off/Alert Switch, 2 position Push Bar Switch, front mounted speaker, high impact styrene molded cabinet, and operation from a single telescoping or outside antenna.

The most advanced developments in solid state circuitry are incorporated in this receiver. Low noise bipolar RF and mixer transistors provide RF gain into a high gain — low noise dual conversion IF system. Linear integrated circuits provide IF gain, detection, audio amplification and output. A high gain quad amplifier provides for a 1050 Hertz bandpass filter — amplifier, a one shot multivibrator to operate the squelch system and a free running multivibrator to pulse the alert lights.

The outstanding feature of this radio is the flashing alerts that are triggered by the 1050Hz tone transmitted by the NOAA weather station at the beginning of an emergency broadcast. Unlike most weather monitors, your Bearcat Alert features a visual indication that an alert has been sounded. This can be very beneficial, especially if you stepped out of the room and had missed the original broadcast. By seeing the flashing alert lights, you will immediately know that an alert has been sounded and this could mean a life or death difference.

Another extremely significant feature is the automatic switching to battery operation in the event of a power failure. You can take the radio with you to a place of safety and never miss the continuing broadcasts.

SPECIFICATIONS

Size: Approximately 6 5/8x3 7/8x6

Weight: 1 3/4 lbs

Cabinet: High Impact Styrene

Power Requirements: 117V, AC, 6W; 4 "C" cells

Antenna: Telescoping antenna (supplied) Connector provided for outside antenna

Input Impedance: 50-70 ohms

Sensitivity: .6 microvolt for 20 db signal-to-noise ratio

Frequency Range: 162.55MHz, 162.475MHz, or 162.40MHz determined by frequency probe

Crystal: One A-101 non-user type — Operates at 16.1945MHz for 162.40 MHz reception, @ 16.2020MHz for 162.475MHz reception, or @ 16.2095MHz for 162.55MHz reception.

Front Panel Features: Push bar radio On-Off-Reset Control / Flashing ALERT Lights / Light Emitting Diode Alert Indicator / 3 position — Test-Off-Alert Switch / Modern Slide Volume Control / 2 1/2" forward facing speaker.

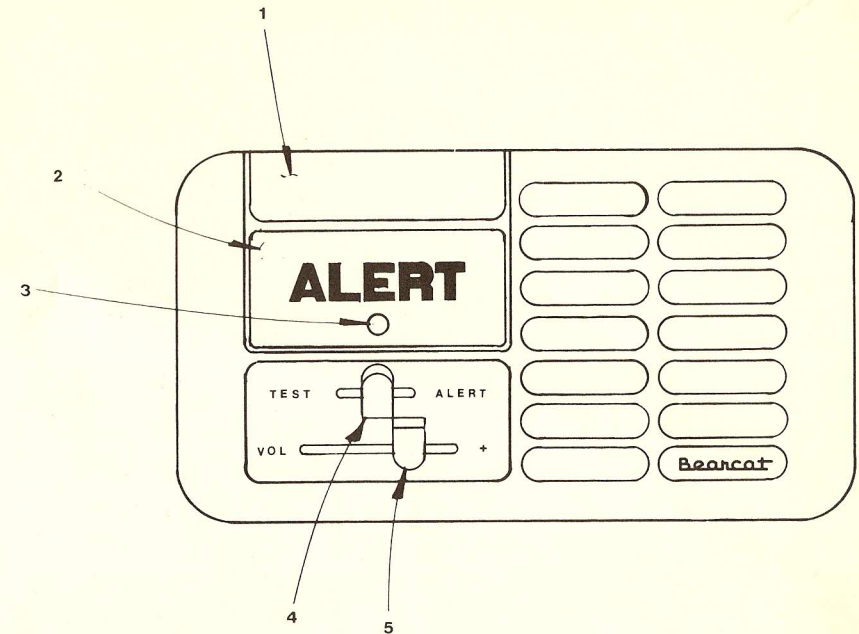


Figure 1

OPERATING CONTROLS

Figure 1

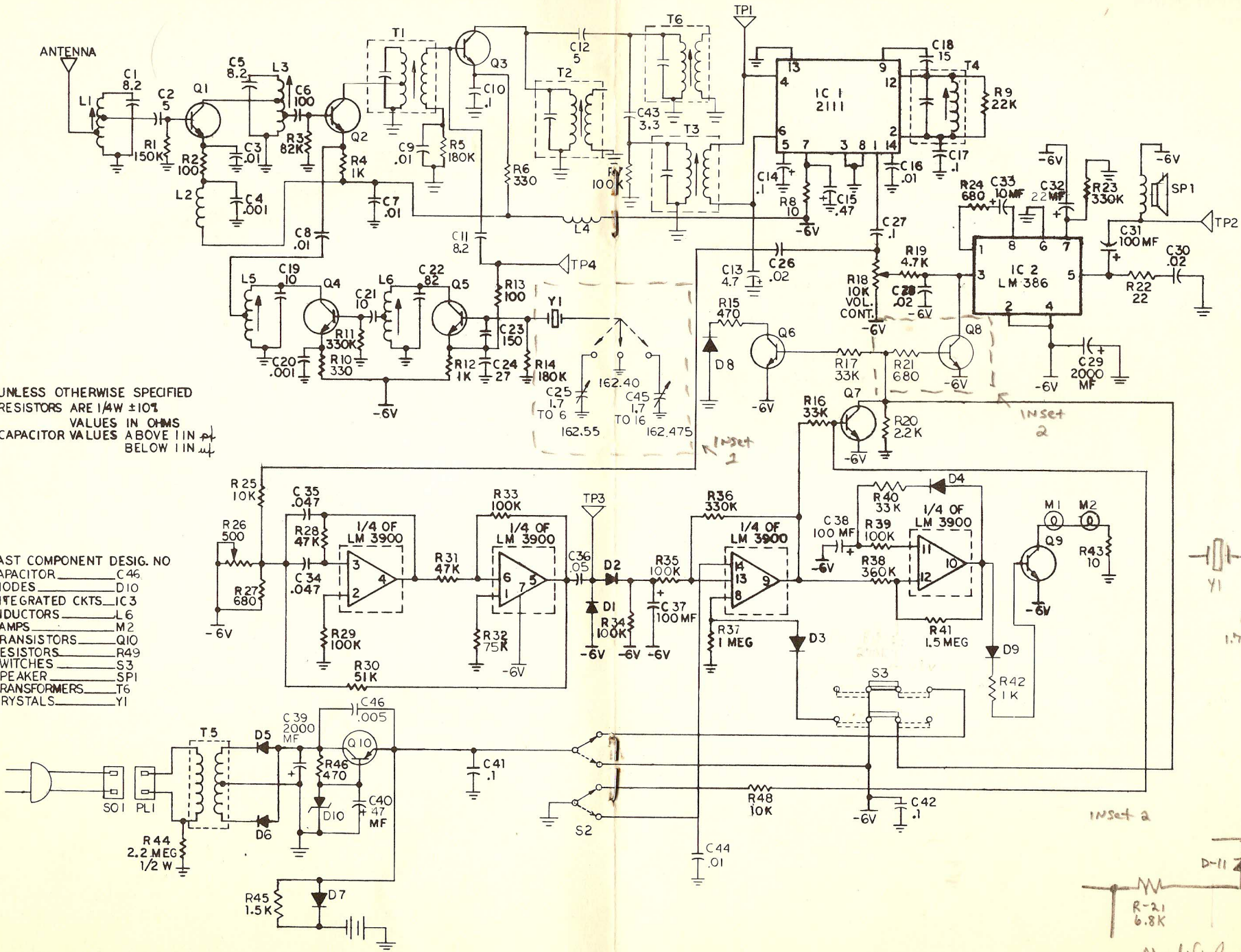
1. **Push Bar Switch:** A two position switch which turns power on and off or resets the tone alert system.
2. **Alert Lights:** Flashing lights that are triggered by the NOAA Weather Station at the beginning of an emergency broadcast.
3. **Ready Light Alert Indicator:** Indicates monitor is in Alert condition.
4. **3 Position Switch:** Places monitor into Test, Off, or Alert.
5. **Volume Control:** Varies audio output level.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The purpose of this section is to allow you to start receiving with your new weather monitor as soon as possible. Read and carefully follow these instructions.

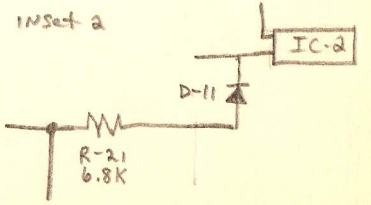
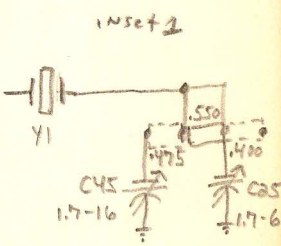
1. Unpack the unit from the carton. Check your Bearcat Alert for shipping damage. If damage has occurred, contact your dealer immediately.
2. Locate telescoping antenna at rear of cabinet and rotate to the upright position and extend.
3. Plug radio into power line (105 to 135 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz only).

SCHEMATIC



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 RESISTORS ARE 1/4W ±10%
 VALUES IN OHMS
 CAPACITOR VALUES ABOVE 1 IN μF
 BELOW 1 IN nF

- LAST COMPONENT DESIG. NO
- CAPACITOR _____ C46
 - DIODES _____ D10
 - INTEGRATED CKTS _____ IC 3
 - INDUCTORS _____ L6
 - LAMPS _____ M2
 - TRANSISTORS _____ Q10
 - RESISTORS _____ R49
 - SWITCHES _____ S3
 - SPEAKER _____ SP1
 - TRANSFORMERS _____ T6
 - CRYSTALS _____ Y1



Modified 8-90 TMA

4. Move the 3 position switch 4 (Fig. 1) to the middle position (Off).
5. Move Volume Slide Control 5 (Fig. 1) to the right 1/3 of its range for normal listening level.
6. Turn the unit on by depressing the Push Bar 1 (Fig. 1) once. The unit should now be receiving. (If it does not see "NOTE" below or Service.)
7. Check radio's flashing Alert lights by moving the 3 position switch 4 (Fig. 1) to the Test position. The Alert panel 2 (Fig. 1) should light and begin flashing.

NOTE: After the flashing alert lights have been triggered, they must be reset. To do this, move the 3 position switch to the Off position. Now depress the Push Bar once. This removes power from the radio and resets the Alert lights control circuitry.

8. The weather station can be monitored when the 3 position switch is in the Test, Off, or Alert position by depressing the Push Bar.
9. If an outside antenna is necessary for fringe operation, you may use a 155 MHz antenna. External antennas should be coupled to the receiver by 50 ohm coaxial cable, such as RG-58 A/U, using the supplied automotive type connector. Suitable antennas are available at most radio dealers.

NOTE: This radio has been shipped ready to receive the local weather station in your immediate area. If it does not receive, please refer to the Channel Programming section on the following page.

ALERT MODE

To place radio into the Alert Mode:

1. Move the 3 position switch to the Off position and depress the Push Bar once to turn radio on.
2. Move the 3 position switch all the way to the right. The red signal light 3 (Fig. 1) should be on and the audio should be squelched (no audio).
3. An Alert signal, broadcast by the weather station, will trigger the Alert system. The ready light will immediately go out and the Alert light will begin flashing.

NOTE: Be sure volume control is at desired level when monitor is in Alert position to avoid missing important weather information.

4. To reset the Alert lights, depress the Push Bar once. After five seconds, depress Push Bar again to place radio into Alert mode.
5. The radio can be turned completely Off only when the 3 position switch is in the Test or Off position by depressing the Push Bar.

FOR BATTERY OPERATION

Your Bearcat Alert receiver is designed to operate on AC power or from 4 "C" cell batteries.

To install batteries:

1. Place antenna in the upright (Operating) position to free door for removal.
2. Twist a small coin in the two slots under antenna at top of door (Fig. 2) and remove battery compartment door.
3. Insert the batteries as indicated into the compartment observing proper polarity.
4. Snap the compartment door back into place.

Should you lose AC power, the radio will automatically receive power from the batteries and continue to operate.

NOTE: PROLONGED OPERATION FROM BATTERIES IS NOT RECOMMENDED AS THIS WILL SHORTEN THE LIFE OF THE BATTERIES.

CHANNEL PROGRAMMING

Your Bearcat Alert has been designed to operate on 162.55, 162.475 or 162.40 MHz set aside by the FCC for NOAA weather stations. Your Bearcat Alert has been shipped to your dealer pre-set to receive the local weather station. Should you experience difficulty receiving the station or should you move to another locality using another frequency, you will need to disassemble the radio and move the channel probe to the desired frequency.

1. Disconnect power cord from wall outlet. Keep set disconnected while disassembling cabinet.
2. If batteries are installed, remove batteries.
3. At the top rear of unit under tab on battery door insert a #2 phillips screw driver with 5" shaft and remove the screw A (Fig. 2).
4. Now turn radio over and remove the two screws B (Fig. 2) that hold the bumper feet in place at the front of the cabinet. Then return radio to upright position. Remove from cabinet by sliding the cabinet away from the front panel.
5. Locate the three posts mounted on the circuit board (just left of bottom center of board Fig. 2). Move the probe to the desired frequency as indicated by the frequency label.

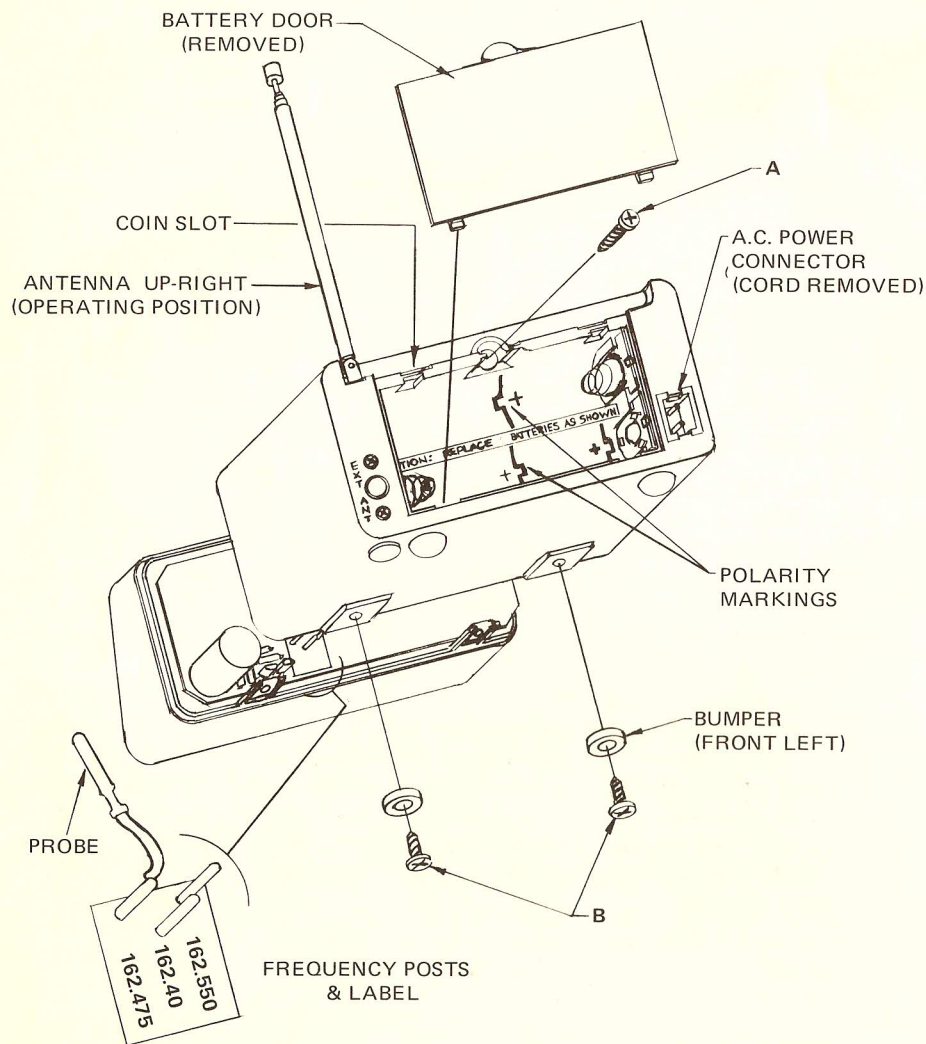


Figure 2

USER HINTS

Radio equipment usually operates in an environment of man-made electromagnetic noise which radiates from power lines, fluorescent lights, motors, appliances, ignition systems, etc. Modern radios are designed to minimize interference from such sources, but operation may be affected under conditions of unusually strong noise.

Distant, weak, "skip," or noise signals may be received by this receiver because of its high sensitivity. In cases of these or other strong interfering signals, it may be desirable to reduce the length of the antenna to reduce noise pickup below a critical level. This may be very effective in medium and strong signal areas.

When moving or shipping the radio, collapse the antenna to avoid damage to it or to the internal circuit assemblies.

SERVICE

Determining Need for Service:

If your radio doesn't seem to be functioning properly:

1. Be sure the radio is plugged into a working AC outlet.
2. Is volume control at least 1/3 of its range?
3. Can radio be turned on by Depressing the Push Bar?
4. Check that the telescoping antenna is vertical and fully extended.
5. Place the radio near a window (usually signals are stronger near windows).
6. Is radio frequency switch in proper position to receive local weather station? (See Channel Programming)
7. If a loud hiss is heard, either the frequency switch is in wrong position or the weather station is off the air. Be certain the signal is in your area.
8. Leave the radio on 10 to 30 minutes. If nothing is heard by that time, then something is probably wrong with the radio and you should contact Electra Customer Service.
9. When moving or shipping the radio, collapse the telescoping antenna to avoid damage to it or to the internal circuit assemblies.

